$\square$

Max. : 100 Marks

Time: 1:00-4:00

## PART - A

## Answer ALL the questions

(10 X 2 = 20 Marks)

1. Find the range and domain of $f(x)=\sqrt{x-5}$.
2. What is the axes and vertex of the parabola $y=x^{2}-2 x+3$.
3. Write the normal equations of $y=a x+b$.
4. Reduce $y=a x^{n}$ to linear law.
5. Define linear difference equation with an example.
6. Solve the difference equation $y_{x+3}-3 y_{x+2}-10 y_{x+1}+24 y_{x}=0$.
7. Define symmetric and skew symmetric matrices.
8. Find the eigen values of the matrix $\left(\begin{array}{ll}1 & 3 \\ 2 & 5\end{array}\right)$.
9. Define periodic function with an example.
10. Show that $\int_{c}^{c+2 \pi} \sin n x \mathrm{dx}=0$, when $\mathrm{n} \neq 0$.

## PART - B

## Answer any FIVE questions

11. The demand and supply conditions under perfect competition are $16-x^{2}$ and $2 x^{2}+4$ respectively. Draw the graph of the function and find the equilibrium price.
12. The cost function to produce $x$ kilograms of an item is given by
$C(x)=200 x-5 x^{2}+0.05 x^{3}$. Find the output at which the marginal cost is equal to the average cost.
13. By the method of least squares, fit a straight line to the following data

| $X$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $Y$ | 14 | 27 | 40 | 55 | 68 |

14. Solve $y_{n+2}-4 y_{n+1}+3 y_{n}=3^{n}+1$

15 Form the difference equation corresponding to the family of curves $y=a x^{2}+b x-3$
16 Determine the fourier expansion of $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})=\mathrm{x},-\pi<x<\pi$.

17 Calculate $A^{4}$ when $A=\left(\begin{array}{ll}1 & 3 \\ 2 & 4\end{array}\right)$.
18 Verify Cayley Hamilton Theorem for $A=\left(\begin{array}{cc}3 & -1 \\ -1 & 5\end{array}\right)$.

PART - C

## Answer any TWO questions

19. a) Given the cost function of an item $\operatorname{as} C(x)=300 x-10 x^{2}+\frac{x^{3}}{3}$. Find the output at which
(i) Marginal Cost is minimum (ii) Average cost is minimum.
b) Two quantities $x$ and $y$ are measured and corresponding values are given in the following data

| X | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Y | 4.5 | 7.1 | 10.5 | 15.5 | 20.5 | 27.1 |

Fit a curve of the form $a+b x+c x^{2}$ to the data.
20. a) Solve $y_{x+2}-4 y_{x}=9 x^{2}$.
b) Solve $y_{x+2}-8 y_{x+1}+16 y_{x}=4^{x}$.
21. A function $f(x)$ is defined within the range $(0,2 \pi)$ by

$$
f(x)=\left\{\begin{array}{cc}
x \quad \text { in }(0, \pi) \\
2 \pi-x & \text { in }(\pi, 2 \pi)
\end{array}\right.
$$

Express $f(x)$ as a fourier series in the range $(0,2 \pi)$ and deduce that $1+\frac{1}{3^{2}}+\frac{1}{5^{2}}+\cdots=\frac{\pi^{2}}{8}$.
22. Diagonalize the matrix $A=\left(\begin{array}{ccc}2 & -2 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & -1\end{array}\right)$.

