## LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI - 600034

## B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION - CHEMISTRY

FIRST SEMESTER - APRIL 2016
MT 1102-MATHEMATICS FOR CHEMISTRY

Date: 05-05-2016 $\square$ Max. : 100 Marks
Time: 01:00-04:00

## SECTION-A

1. For what value of $x$ is the curve $y=3 x^{2}-2 x^{3}$ convex upwards.
2. Find $\frac{d y}{d x}$ if $y=\left(2 x^{3}+4\right)^{2}$.
3. Evaluate $\int x^{2} \cos x^{3} d x$.
4. Integrate $\frac{x^{2}}{x+2} d x$.
5. Write the series expansion of $\log 3$.
6. Show that $\log \left(\frac{a+x}{a-x}\right)=\frac{2 a x}{a^{2}+x^{2}}+\frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{2 a x}{a^{2}+x^{2}}\right)^{3}+\frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{2 a x}{a^{2}+x^{2}}\right)^{5}+\ldots$
7. Prove that $\cosh ^{2} x-\sinh ^{2} x=1$.
8. Define Fourier series.
9. State any one property of Arithmetic Mean.
10. Write the mean of the Binomial Distribution.

## SECTION B

Answer any FIVE questions:
11. Evaluate $\int x^{2} \sin 3 x d x$ using Bernoulli's formula.
12. If $x(1+y)^{\frac{1}{2}}+y(1+x)^{\frac{1}{2}}=0$, prove that $\frac{d y}{d x}=-\frac{1}{(1+x)^{2}}$.
13. Find the maximum value of $\frac{\log x}{x}$ for positive values of $x$.
14. Solve $\left(D^{3}+2 D^{2}+D\right) y=e^{2 x}$.
15. Sum the series $\frac{1.4}{5 \cdot 10}-\frac{1.4 .7}{5 \cdot 10.15}+\frac{1 \cdot 4 \cdot 7 \cdot 10}{5 \cdot 10.15 .20} \ldots$.
16. Solve $p+q=\sin x+\sin y$.
17. Expand $\cos 6 \theta$ in terms of $\sin \theta$.
18. Calculate the mean and standard deviation for the following table giving the age distribution of 542 members.

| Age in <br> years | $20-30$ | $30-40$ | $40-50$ | $50-60$ | $60-70$ | $70-80$ | $80-90$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Num. of <br> members | 3 | 61 | 132 | 153 | 140 | 51 | 2 |

## SECTION C

19. (a) From a solid sphere, matter is scooped out so as to form a conical cup, with the vertex of the cup on the surface of the sphere. Find when the volume of the cup is a maximum.
(b) Find the maxima and minima of the function $2 x^{3}-3 x^{2}-36 x+10$.
20. (a) Evaluate $I=\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \log \sin x d x$.
(b) Prove that $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{(\sin x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(\sin x)^{\frac{3}{2}}+(\cos x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} d x=\frac{\pi}{4}$.
21. (a) If a, b, c are three consecutive integers, show that

$$
\begin{equation*}
\log _{e} b=\frac{1}{2} \log _{e} a+\frac{1}{2} \log _{e} c+\left(\frac{1}{2 a c+1}\right)+\frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{1}{2 a c+1}\right)^{3}+\ldots \tag{10}
\end{equation*}
$$

(b) Find the real and imaginary parts of $\tan ^{-1}(x+i y)$.
22. (a) Determine the Fourier series expansion of $x+x^{2}$ in the interval $(-\pi, \pi)$ and hence determine the sum of series $\frac{1}{1^{2}}+\frac{1}{2^{2}}+\frac{1}{3^{2}}+\cdots \cdots$
(b) Two unbiased dice are thrown. Find the probability that:
(i) Both the dice show the same number,
(ii) The first die shows 6 ,
(iii) The total of the numbers on the dice is 8 .

