



Date: 04-04-2019

Dept. No.

Max. : 100 Marks

Time: 01:00-04:00

**PART – A**

Answer ALL questions.

(10  $\hat{=}$  20)

1. Find the equation of the plane through (3,4,5) and parallel to the plane  $2x+ 3z - z =0$ .
2. Find the equation of the straight line passing through the points origin and ( 5, -2, 3).
3. Find the equation of the sphere with centre (-1, 2, -3) and radius 3 units.
4. Find the general equation of a sphere passing through the circle  $x^2+y^2+z^2 +2ux+2vy+2wz+d =0 ; ax+by+cz+ k =0$ .
5. Give an example of a function which is neither odd nor even.
6. Find  $a_0$  of the Fourier series for  $e^x$  in the interval  $-\pi < x < \pi$ .
7. Find the number of integers less than n and prime to it when  $n=729$ .
8. If  $a \equiv b \pmod{m}$  and  $c \equiv d \pmod{m}$ , show that  $a+c \equiv b+d \pmod{m}$ .
9. If  $a, b, c$  are positive and not all equal, show that  $(a+b+c)(bc+ca+ab) > 9abc$ .
10. State Wierstrass inequality.

**PART – B**

Answer any FIVE questions

(5  $\hat{=}$  40)

11. Find the equation of the plane through the points (3 ,1, 2), (3, 4, 4) and perpendicular to the plane  $5x + y +4z = 0$ .
12. Find the symmetric form of the equation of the line of intersection of the planes  $3x-2y+z=1$  and  $5x+4y - 6z = 2$ .
13. Find the equation of the sphere having the circle  $x^2 +y^2 +z^2-2x +4y-6z +7 =0 ; 2x-y+2z =5$  as great circle.
14. Find the equation of the sphere through the points(2,3,1) , (5,-1,2) , (4,3,-1) and (2,5,3).

15. Express  $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}(\pi - x)$  as a Fourier series to be valid in the interval 0 to  $2\pi$ .

16. Obtain cosine series for  $f(x) = \begin{cases} \cos x, & 0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2} \\ 0, & \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi \end{cases}$ .

17. State and Prove Fermat's theorem.

18. If  $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n$  is an arithmetic progression, show that  $a_1^2 a_2^2 \dots a_n^2 > a_1^n a_n^n$ .

### PART - C

Answer any TWO questions.

(2 × 20 = 40)

19.(a) Show that the origin lies in the acute angle between the planes  $x+2y+2z = 9$ ,  $4x - 3y + 12z + 13 = 0$ . Find the planes bisecting the angles between them and point out which bisects the obtuse angle.

(b) Find the equation of the image of the line  $\frac{x-1}{9} = \frac{y-2}{-1} = \frac{z+3}{-3}$  in the plane

$$3x-3y+10z - 26=0.$$

20. (a) Prove that the lines  $\frac{x+1}{-3} = \frac{y+10}{8} = \frac{z-1}{2}$  and  $\frac{x+3}{-4} = \frac{y+1}{7} = \frac{z-4}{1}$  are coplanar. Find the point of intersection and the plane through them.

(b) Find the equation of the sphere which passes through the circle  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 2x - 4y = 0$ ;  $x+2y+3z = 8$  and touches the plane  $4x+3y = 25$ .

21. Obtain the Fourier series for the function  $f(x) = x^2$  and deduce that

$$(i) \frac{1}{1^2} - \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} - \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{12} \quad (ii) \frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{6}.$$

22. (a) State and prove Wilson's theorem.

(b) Show that if  $s = a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + \dots + a_n$ , show that  $\frac{s}{s-a_1} + \frac{s}{s-a_2} + \dots + \frac{s}{s-a_n} > \frac{n^2}{n-1}$ .

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