# LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI - 600034 

B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION - STATISTICS

FIRST SEMESTER - APRIL 2022

## 16/17/18UST1MCO1 - STATISTICAL METHODS

Date: 23-06-2022
Time: 09:00 AM - 12:00 NOON

## SECTION - A

## Answer all the questions.

(10 X $2=20$ )

1. State any two limitations of statistics.
2. Distinguish between Primary data and Secondary data.
3. Mention Various measures of central tendency.
4. What is meant by Kurtosis?
5. State the principles of least square.
6. Write down the normal equations for fitting the curve $y=a+b x$ to a given data.
7. Define correlation with an example.
8. State any two properties of regression coefficients.
9. Define Independence of attributes.
10. Define Yule's coefficient of association.

## SECTION- B

Answer any FIVE questions.
11. Explain the Scope of statistics.
12. The survey about colour preferences reported the age distribution of the people who responded.

| Age group (years) | $1-18$ | $19-24$ | $25-35$ | $36-50$ | $51-69$ | $70-74$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| count | 10 | 97 | 70 | 36 | 14 | 5 |

Draw 'less than ogive' curve and locate the median.
13. Calculate the mean and mode for the following frequency distribution:

| Monthly Wages | Less than 200 | $200-400$ | $400-600$ | $600-800$ | $800-100$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of workers | 78 | 165 | 93 | 42 | 12 |

14. Compute Karl Pearson's co-efficient of Skewness for the following distribution.

| Wages (in Rs.) | $10-20$ | $20-40$ | $40-70$ | $70-90$ | $90-100$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No.of Workers | 5 | 15 | 30 | 8 | 2 |

15. Fit a straight line trend for the following data:

| Year | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Y | 127 | 101 | 130 | 132 | 126 | 142 | 137 |

16. Calculate the Correlation Coefficient from the following data.

| X | 12 | 9 | 8 | 10 | 11 | 13 | 7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Y | 14 | 8 | 6 | 9 | 11 | 12 | 3 |

17. For the following data, Calculate the co-efficient of Rank Correlation.

| X | 80 | 91 | 99 | 71 | 61 | 81 | 70 | 59 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Y | 123 | 135 | 154 | 110 | 105 | 134 | 121 | 106 |

18. From the following data find out whether the data is consistent or not
(i) $(\mathrm{AB})=50 ;(\alpha \mathrm{B})=25 ;(\alpha)=100$ and $\mathrm{N}=200$
(ii) $(\mathrm{AB})=200 ; \mathrm{N}=1000 ;(\mathrm{A})=150 ;(\mathrm{B})=300$

## SECTION- C

Answer any TWO questions.
$(2 \times 20=40)$
19. (a) What is the need for diagrammatic representation of data? Explain the construction of one-dimensional diagrams.
(b) Draw a histogram and frequency polygon to represent the following data.

| Weekly wages | $10-15$ | $15-20$ | $20-25$ | $25-30$ | $30-35$ | $35-40$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of workers | 7 | 19 | 27 | 15 | 12 | 8 |

20. The number of matches played and goals scored by two teams A and B in foot-ball in World cup 2002 were as follows:

| Matched played by Team A | 27 | 9 | 8 | 5 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Matched played by Team B | 17 | 9 | 6 | 4 | 3 |
| Number of goals scored in a Match | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |

Find which team may be considered more consistent.
21. Find the two lines of regression from the following data.

| X | 57 | 58 | 59 | 59 | 60 | 61 | 62 | 64 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Y | 67 | 68 | 65 | 68 | 72 | 72 | 69 | 71 |

a) Find the value of Y when $\mathrm{X}=66$.
b) Find the value of x when $\mathrm{Y}=70$.
c) Calculate the coefficient of correlation
22. a) Calculate the coefficient of association between the intelligence of fathers and sons from the following data
Intelligent fathers with intelligent sons $=300$ Intelligent fathers with dull sons $=100$
Dull fathers with intelligent sons $=50$ Dull fathers with dull sons $=500$
b) What is meant by 'curve fitting'? Give the normal equations to fit a second degree parabola.

