LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034

B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION – **STATISTICS**

THIRD SEMESTER – APRIL 2022

UST 3501 – SAMPLING THEORY

Date: 16-06-2022 Time: 01:00-04:00 Dept. No.

Max.: 100 Marks

(10 x 2 = 20 marks)

Answer ALL questions. Each carries TWO marks.

- 1. Define (i) parameter and (ii) statistic. Give an example for both.
- 2. Describe the lottery method of obtaining a random sample.
- 3. In SRSWOR, show that sample mean is unbiased for population mean.
- 4. Obtain an unbiased estimate of Var (\overline{y}_{st}) .
- 5. Explain proportional allocation and hence deduce Var $(y_{st})_{prop}$.
- 6. In SRSWOR, find the probability of obtaining a sample of size 'n' from a population of size 'N'.

SECTION - A

- 7. Mention the Limitations of Sampling.
- 8. Describe the method of drawing a random sample by Random Number Tables Method.
- 9. What is meant by Stratifying Factor? Mention some of the Stratifying Factors.
- 10. Mention the merits of systematic sampling.

SECTION - B

Answer any FIVE questions. Each carries EIGHT marks. $(5 \times 8 = 40 \text{ marks})$

11. Explain in detail the three important principles of sampling.

- 12. Discuss in detail the sources of non-sampling errors.
- 13. In SRS of attributes, find E (p), Var (p), v (p), Var (\hat{A}), and v (\hat{A}).
- 14. Show that s^2 is unbiased for S^2 , in SRSWOR.
- 15. State the advantages and disadvantages of Stratified Random Sampling.
- 16. Obtain Var (\overline{y}_{sys}) and compare it with Var (\overline{y}_n) and draw your conclusion.
- 17. Find the approximate bias and mean square error of the Ratio Estimator.
- 18. Prove that $\operatorname{Var}(\overline{y}_{st})$ is minimum for fixed total sample size 'n' if $n_i \alpha N_i S_i$ and hence deduce $\operatorname{Var}(\overline{y}_{st})_{\operatorname{Ney}}$.

SECTION-C

Answer any TWO questions. Each carries TWENTY marks. $(2 \times 20 = 40 \text{ marks})$

Discuss in detail the principal steps involved in the planning and execution of a sample survey? (20)

20(a) If the population consists of a linear trend, $Y_i = i$; (i = 1, 2, ..., N), then prove that $Var(\overline{y}_{st}) \le Var(\overline{y}_{svs}) \le Var(\overline{y}_n)_R$ (12)

(b) Explain the terms (i) Unbiasedness (ii) Variance (iii) Mean Square Error (iv) Bias.

21(a) Find the formula for sample size 'n' in sampling for proportions, with a desired	
degree of precision.	(10)
(b) Write a brief note on the three types of sampling under which the sampling	
procedures are broadly classified.	(10)
22(a) Write a note on the use of 'Auxiliary Information' in Ratio and Regression	
estimation.	(10)
(b) In Stratified Random Sampling with given cost function	
$C = a + \sum_{i=1}^{k} C_i n_i$, prove that $Var(\overline{y_{st}})$ is minimum if $n_i \propto \frac{Ni Si}{\sqrt{C_i}}$.	(10)

#########