LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034

M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION – **STATISTICS**

THIRD SEMESTER – NOVEMBER 2016

Section – A

ST 3816 - STOCHASTIC PROCESS

Date: 03-11-2016 Time: 09:00-12:00 Dept. No.

Max.: 100 Marks

Answer all the questions

- 1. Define a stochastic process with stationary independent increments.
- 2. Define a stochastic transition probability matrix.
- 3. Write any two properties of the period of a state of a Markov chain.
- 4. If i j and if i is recurrent then show that j is recurrent.
- 5. Write the infinitesimal generator of birth and death process.
- 6. Define a renewal process.
- 7. State the renewal function.
- 8. Define a supermartingale.
- 9. Write the mean and variance of a discrete time branching process.
- 10. State any two examples for a stationary process.

Section – B

Answer any five questions

5 x 8 = 40 marks

 $10 \ge 2 = 20$ marks

- 11. Explain the following:
 - (a) Spatially homogeneous Markov chains
 - (b) One-dimensional random walks
- 12. Define communication of states and show that communication is an equivalence relation.
- 13. Investigate the existence of a stationary probability distribution for the class of one dimensional random walks.
- 14. If a Markov chain on states $\{0,1,2,3,4,5\}$ has the transition probability matrix

$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	0	0	0	0
$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	0	0	0	0
0	0	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	0	0
0	0	$\frac{1}{5}$	$\frac{4}{5}$	0	0
$\frac{1}{4}$	0	1/4	0	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{4}$
1/6	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{6}$

find the classes and check for the recurrence of states.

- 15. Derive a system of differential equations for a pure birth process.
- 16. Explain the replacement models found in renewal theory.
- 17. Explain Martingale concept by providing two examples.
- 18. Establish any two properties of mean square distance.

Section – C

Answer any two questions

19. (a) If a process $\{X_t, t \mid T\}$, where T = [0,] or T = (0, 1, 2, ...) has stationary independent increments and has a finite mean, then show that $E[X_t] = m_0 + m_1 t$, where $m_0 = E[X_0]$ and $m_1 = E[X_1] - m_0.$

(b)Show that the three dimensional random walk is transient.

- 20. (a) State and prove the basic limit theorem of Markov chains. (b) State and prove the stationary probability distribution of the Markov chain.
- 21. (a)Derive $P_n(t)$ for a Poisson process clearly stating the assumptions. (b) Derive the forward and backward Kolmogorov differential equations for the birth and death process.
- 22.(a) Explain branching process with an example.
 - (b) Establish the relationship of probability generating functions for branching process and hence find mean and variance.

(5+15)marks

 $2 \times 20 = 40$ marks

(5 +15) marks.

(10 + 10) marks.

(10 + 10) marks